

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required and other supplementary information)

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023 (With Independent Auditors' Report)



WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP INGHAM COUNTY, MICHIGAN MARCH 31, 2023

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Wanda Bloomquist	Supervisor
Robin Cleveland	Clerk
Jill Cutshaw	Treasurer
Keith Creagh	Trustee
Kevin Duffy	Trustee
Janet Eyster	Trustee
Mark Steinberg	Trustee

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Township Board Williamstown Township Williamstown, Michigan

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williamstown Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Williamstown Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Williamstown Township as of March 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Williamstown Township and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Williamstown Township's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Williamstown Township's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Williamstown Township's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Williamstown Township's basic financial statements. The combining general fund financial statements and the schedule of revenues and expenditures-construction code are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining general fund financial statements and the schedule of revenues and expenditures-construction code are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett & Co.

East Lansing, Michigan September 29, 2023

The discussion and analysis of the Township's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

To maintain accountability, revenue and expenditures are separated into police services, cemetery maintenance and services, and the general fund for all other governmental activities. The following represents the most significant financial highlights for these three funds.

- > State shared revenue, our largest revenue source, increased \$40,677. Due to the 2020 Census increase.
- This year, while tax revenue from the current Township property tax levy increased \$10,213 from the previous year. This can be noted by comparing the current and prior years as shown on page 5.
- > Overall revenue for the General Fund increased by \$74,590 and expenditures increased by \$891,443.
- ➤ With General Fund revenue of \$1,032,773 and expenditures and transfers out of \$1,524,001 and \$26,000, respectively, the fund balance decreased \$517,228. This is shown in more detail on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance (page 13).
- ➤ Police services are funded by a special assessment which has decreased from \$150 per residence in the first fiscal year to \$100 in the eighth fiscal year ending March 31, 2023.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position (page 9) and the statement of activities (page 10) provide information about the activities of Williamstown Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services. The fund financial statements (page 11) present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the operations of Williamstown Township in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Township's most significant funds.

The Township as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format of page 9, the net position as of March 31, 2023 and 2022.

	2023		2022	
Assets		_		
Current and other assets	\$	3,202,851	\$	3,362,157
Capital assets, net		1,074,615		1,090,177
Total assets		4,277,466		4,452,334
Liabilities				
		(24 524		246,000
Current liabilities		634,524	_	346,998
Net Position				
Investment in capital assets		1,074,615		1,090,177
Restricted		457,759		402,189
Unrestricted		2,110,568		2,612,970
Total net position	\$	3,642,942	\$	4,105,336

The Township's total net position was \$3,642,942 at March 31, 2023. The net position invested in capital assets was \$1,074,615. The restricted net position of \$457,759 is restricted for police services. Unrestricted net position (the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations) was \$2,110,568 at the end of the fiscal year. This breakdown is also shown as a part of the statement of net position (page 9).

The following table shows the changes in net position, similar to the statement of activities (page 10), during the current and prior fiscal years.

	2023	2022
Revenue		
Program revenue		
Charges for services	\$ 370,052	\$ 367,349
Operating grants and contributions	27,430	29,578
General revenues		
Property taxes	286,886	276,673
State shared revenue	583,689	543,012
Local community stabilization	7,102	6,507
Investment earnings	38,385	4,656
Other revenue	6,229	27,954
Total revenue	1,319,773	1,255,729
Program Expenses		
General government	564,608	438,788
Public safety		
Police services	163,542	229,129
Inspections	28,525	26,373
Public works	901,709	194,101
Community and economic development	47,040	50,616
Recreation and cultural	76,743	41,298
Total program expenses	1,782,167	980,305
Change in Net Position	\$ (462,394)	\$ 275,424

Governmental Activities

The Township's governmental revenues in totaled \$1,319,773 with the greatest revenue source being State shared revenue, which makes up approximately 44% of total governmental revenue. This was followed by the Township's share of property taxes (approximately 22%). The Police Services Special Assessment was approximately 16% of total governmental revenue. The Township incurred expenses of \$1,782,167 during the year. Public works makes up approximately 51% of total governmental expenses. Public works includes road maintenance and improvements and cemetery services. General government makes up approximately 26% of total governmental expenses. General government includes Township Board, Supervisor, Clerk, Treasurer, Building and Grounds, Township Office, and various other functions. Police services cost \$163,542 or about 9% of the total expenses.

The Township's Funds

The Township's fund financial statements begin on page 11, following the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not Williamstown Township as a whole. Williamstown Township's Board of Trustees creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as property tax millages and special assessments. The Township's major funds for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, include the General Fund and the Police Services Fund.

The Police Fund receives revenue primary through a special assessment levied by the Township.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the fiscal year, various budget adjustments were made by the Township Board.

The general government expenditure line items had a remaining balance of \$94,235. The Township's total expenditures were significantly under budget (approximately 31% below). The general government expended approximately 70% of the total expenditures budget. The Township also transferred \$130,007 to a capital improvements fund for budgeting purposes (non-GAAP) but reports the capital improvements fund with the General Fund in accordance with GASB 54. See the Other Supplementary Information (pages 37-38) for what makes up the capital improvements fund.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of the fiscal year, the Township had \$1,074,615 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment. This is approximately 1% lower than last year. The decrease was due to annual depreciation expense on the assets. See Note 5 (page 27) in the financial statements for more details.

The Township does not currently report any long-term debt.

Current Economic Factors

While Williamstown Township's share of property taxes has risen slightly, they are expected to remain the same during the next year. The fiscal forecast for the State of Michigan remains conservative and the Township has historically received more than estimated; however, the Township does not count on this within the budget. Revenue will continue from the rental of the community room and park reservation fees for use of the athletic fields along with the rental of the house. Revenues from the Special Assessment for Police Services are expected to remain about the same. The Township Board has dedicated funds towards roads, however additional funding methods are needed to maintain the roads in a condition acceptable to residents. In summer of 2023, the Township will be funding two road construction special assessment districts in the Meadowdale and Red Cedar Manor subdivisions. Special assessment taxes will be assessed to these citizens over seven to ten years with interest at 3%.

Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers and customers with a general overview of the Township's finances and demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Township Clerk or Treasurer at the Township Hall.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets	h
Cash	\$ 1,714,347
Investments	1,470,690
Receivables	13,497
Prepaids	4,317
Total current assets	3,202,851
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets not being depreciated	492,285
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	582,330
Total noncurrent assets	1,074,615
TOTAL ASSETS	4,277,466
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	72,969
Accrued liabilities	15,125
Deposits	1,650
Unearned revenue	544,780
onearned revenue	311,700
TOTAL LIABILITIES	634,524
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets	1,074,615
Restricted for police services	457,759
Unrestricted	2,110,568
om conteccu	2,110,000
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 3,642,942

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

			Program Revenues			ues	Net (Expense		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Operating Charges for Grants and Services Contributions		N Go	changes in et Position vernmental Activities		
Governmental activities									
General government	\$	564,608	\$	80,885	\$	21,428	\$	(462,295)	
Public safety									
Police services		163,542		215,606		-		52,064	
Inspections		28,525		-		_		(28,525)	
Public works		901,709		8,422		-		(893,287)	
Community and economic development		47,040		56,741		-		9,701	
Recreation and cultural		76,743		8,398		6,002		(62,343)	
Total	\$	1,782,167	\$	370,052	\$	27,430		(1,384,685)	
	Gene	ral revenues							
		perty taxes						286,886	
		te shared rev	enue					583,689	
	Loc	cal communit	y stal	oilization				7,102	
		estment earr	-					38,385	
		scellaneous	O					6,229	
		Гotal general	revei	nues				922,291	
	(Change in net	posi	tion				(462,394)	
	Net p	oosition, begi	nning	of the year				4,105,336	
	Net _l	oosition, end	of the	year			\$	3,642,942	

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2023

	General	Police Services				Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS							
Cash	\$ 1,316,332	\$	275,384	\$	122,631	\$	1,714,347
Investments	1,099,450		216,069		155,171		1,470,690
Receivables							
Accounts	560		-		-		560
Special assessments	-		6,665		-		6,665
Taxes	6,272		-		-		6,272
Due from other funds	30		-		791		821
Prepaids	 3,146				1,171		4,317
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,425,790	\$	498,118	\$	279,764	\$	3,203,672
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 32,640	\$	40,329	\$	_	\$	72,969
Accrued liabilities	15,125		-	•	_	•	15,125
Deposits	1,650		_		_		1,650
Due to other funds	791		30		_		821
Unearned revenue	544,780				_		544,780
TOTAL LIABILITIES	594,986		40,359				635,345
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable							
Prepaids	3,146		_		1,171		4,317
Restricted	3,140		_		1,171		7,517
Police services	_		457,759		_		457,759
Committed	_		437,737		_		437,737
Roads	143,058						143,058
Capital outlay	803,402		-		-		803,402
Recreation	19,528		-		-		19,528
			-		-		
Minimum fund balance	362,922		-		-		362,922
Assigned					270 502		270 502
Cemetery operations Subsequent year's expenditures	64,393		-		278,593		278,593 64,393
			-		-		
Unassigned	 434,355						434,355
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 1,830,804		457,759		279,764		2,568,327
MOMAL LIABY IMPORTANCE							
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,425,790	\$	498,118	\$	279,764	\$	3,203,672

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 2,568,327

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds:

The cost of capital assets is \$ 1,657,969
Accumulated depreciation is \$ (583,354)

Capital assets, net 1,074,615

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 3,642,942

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	General	Police Services	Nonmajor Governmental Fund Cemetery	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	ф 202 г 04	ф	ф	ф 202 F04
Taxes	\$ 292,584	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 292,584
Special assessments	71,281	214,345 2,527	-	214,345 73,808
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	71,281 597,219	2,527	15,000	73,808 612,219
Charges for services		-	51,099	
Interest and rents	7,959 43,676	2,240	1,649	59,058 47,565
Other	•	2,240	· ·	
other	20,054		140	20,194
TOTAL REVENUES	1,032,773	219,112	67,888	1,319,773
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government	450,829	-	-	450,829
Public safety	28,525	163,542		192,067
Public works	822,647	-	79,062	901,709
Community and economic development	47,040	-	-	47,040
Recreation and cultural	76,743	-	-	76,743
Other	54,000	-	-	54,000
Capital outlay	44,217			44,217
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,524,001	163,542	79,062	1,766,605
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(491,228)	55,570	(11,174)	(446,832)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in	_	_	26,000	26,000
Transfer out	(26,000)	_		(26,000)
	(= =)			(==,-==)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	(0.6.000)		0.6.000	
SOURCES (USES)	(26,000)		26,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(517,228)	55,570	14,826	(446,832)
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,348,032	402,189	264,938	3,015,159
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,830,804	\$ 457,759	\$ 279,764	\$ 2,568,327

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (446,832)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

In the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay	29,154
Book value of assets disposed	(225)
Depreciation expense	(44,491)

(15,562)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (462,394)

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2023

	Custodia Curren Collec	t Tax
ASSETS Cash	\$	247
LIABILITIES Due to other governments		247
NET POSITION	\$	

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Custodial Fund Current Tax Collection
ADDITIONS	
Collection of taxes for other governments	\$ 12,387,886
DEDUCTIONS Payment of taxes collected for other governments	12,387,886
Net change in fiduciary net position	
NET POSITION	
Beginning of year	
End of year	<u> </u>

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Williamstown Township, Michigan (the Township) was organized as a township in 1937 under provisions of the constitution and general law of the State of Michigan. The Township is one of sixteen townships in Ingham County. The Township operates under an elected Township Board that consists of a Supervisor, Clerk, Treasurer, and four Trustees, and provides services to its residents in many areas including roads and planning.

Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present all financial activities of Williamstown Township. The Township has no activities that would be classified as component units.

The inclusion of the activities of various agencies is based on the manifestation of oversight criteria, relying on such guidelines as the selection of the governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to exert significant influence on operations, and the accountability for fiscal matters. The accountability for fiscal matters considers the possession of the budgetary authority, the responsibility for surplus or deficit, the controlling of fiscal management, and the revenue characteristics, whether a levy or a charge. Consideration is also given to the scope of public service. The scope of public service considers whether the activity is for the benefit of the reporting entity and/or its residents and is within the geographic boundaries of the reporting entity and generally available to its citizens.

Based upon the application of these criteria, the financial statements of the Township contain all the funds controlled by the Township Board.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u>

The Township participates in the following activity, which is considered to be a jointly governed organization in relation to the Township due to there being no ongoing financial interest or responsibility.

Northeast Ingham Emergency Service Authority (NIESA) - The Township, in conjunction with the City of Williamston, Locke Township, Wheatfield Township, Leroy Township, and the Village of Webberville, entered into an agreement effective January 1, 1999, to create the NIESA to provide fire and emergency services to the constituent municipalities. The Williamston Community Fire and Ambulance Board ceased operations on December 31, 1998.

The Township has one representative on the seven-member board. The Township and each constituent municipality levy 1.9921 mills of tax to support the operations of NIESA. The Township has no other financial responsibility.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of net position and the statement of activities (the government-wide financial statements) present information for the primary government units as a whole. All nonfiduciary activities of the primary government are included (i.e., fiduciary fund activities are not included in the government-wide financial statements). For the most part, interfund activity has been eliminated in the preparation of these statements.

The statement of activities presents the direct functional expenses of the primary government and the program revenues that support them. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues are associated with specific functions and include charges to recipients of goods or services and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of that function. Revenues that are not required to be presented as program revenues are general revenues. This includes all taxes, interest, and unrestricted State revenue sharing payments and other general revenues and shows how governmental functions are either self-financing or supported by general revenues.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements present the Township's individual major funds and the fiduciary fund. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental activities and fiduciary activities, even though the later are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The non-major governmental fund, cemetery operations, is shown as a separate column.

The major governmental funds of the Township are:

- a. The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Police Services Fund is used to account for restricted special assessment financial resources that are used for police services.

The Township also reports as a fiduciary fund the current tax collections fund (custodial fund).

Measurement Focus

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, similar to that used by business enterprises or not-for-profit organizations. Because another measurement focus is used in the governmental fund financial statements, reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements are provided that explain the differences in detail.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus (continued)

All governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue (unavailable deferred resources) and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual (when they become both "measurable" and "available to finance expenditures of the current period"). The length of time used for "available" for purposes of revenue recognition in the governmental fund financial statements is 60 days. Revenues that are considered measurable but not available are recorded as a receivable and unavailable revenue. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, and certain intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt which is recorded when due.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The General Fund and Major Special Revenue Fund budgets shown as required supplementary information to the financial statements were prepared on a basis not substantially different than the basis used to reflect actual results.

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information:

- a. Prior to April 1, the budget is legally adopted on a departmental (activity) level through passage of a Board resolution. After the budget is adopted, all transfers of budgeted amounts between departments within a fund or any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a fund or activity must be approved by the Township Board.
- b. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

c. Budgeted amounts are reported as originally adopted or amended by the Township Board during the year.

Cash and Investments

Cash consists of checking and savings accounts. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in certificates of deposit and disclosed as part of the Township's investments. The certificates of deposit are classified as investments due to having an original maturity of over 90 days.

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a State or nationally chartered bank or a State or Federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government and which maintains a principal office or branch office located in this State under the laws of the State or the United States, but only if the bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under Section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services, and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- e. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Prepaids

Prepaids consist of certain insurance premiums and other expenditures representing costs applicable to future periods. Reported prepaid items are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property Tax

The Township bills and collects both its own property tax levy and the tax levy for other governmental units. The Township's property tax revenue recognition policy and related tax calendar disclosures are as follows:

Property taxes are levied twice per year. A summer tax is levied on July 1 and a winter tax is levied on December 1. The tax levies are due September 14 and February 14, respectively. All taxes not paid by their due dates are deemed delinquent. Delinquent real property taxes are turned over to the Ingham County Treasurer on March 1 of the year following the levy. The Ingham County Treasurer remits payment to all taxing units on all delinquent real property taxes. Delinquent personal property taxes are retained by the Township for subsequent collection. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the period for which they are levied.

The Township is permitted to levy up to \$1 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental service and additional amounts for debt service. For the year ended March 31, 2023, the Township levied .9738 mills for general governmental services. The total taxable value for the 2022 levy for property within the Township was \$285,384,962.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded (net of accumulated depreciation, if applicable) in the government-wide financial statements under the governmental activities column. Capital assets are those with an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are not recorded in the governmental funds. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Township's capitalization policy is \$5,000. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition market value on the date received.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 15 - 40 years Equipment 5 - 15 years Vehicles 5 - 10 years

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and fund balance, when applicable, will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure/expense) until that time. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and fund balance, when applicable, will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Township does not currently have any items that meet the recognition criteria for classification as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources.

Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The following are the five classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable - assets that are not available in a spendable form such as inventory, prepaid expenditures, and long-term receivables not expected to be converted to cash in the near term. It also includes funds that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as the corpus of a permanent fund or foundation.

Restricted - amounts that are required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws, regulations or enabling legislation.

Committed - amounts constrained on use imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (Township Board).

Assigned - amounts intended to be used for specific purposes. This is determined by the governing body, the budget or finance committee or a delegated municipality official.

Unassigned - all other resources; the remaining fund balance after non-spendable, restrictions, commitments, and assignments. This class only occurs in the General Fund, except for cases of negative fund balances. Negative fund balances are always reported as unassigned, no matter which fund the deficit occurs in.

Fund Balance Policies

For committed fund balance, the Township's highest level of decision-making authority is the Township Board. The formal action that is required to be taken to establish (and modify or rescind) a fund balance commitment is a Board resolution.

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF TOWNSHIP AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Balance Policies (continued)

For assigned fund balance, the Township has not approved a policy indicating who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose, therefore the authority for assigning fund balance remains with the Township Board.

The Township has not formally adopted a policy that determines when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available which should be used first, therefore restricted resources will be used first, then unrestricted resources if they are needed.

The Township has not formally adopted a policy that determines whether committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are considered to be spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes which amounts from any of those fund balance classifications could be used.

The Township has adopted a policy which states the Township will maintain a minimum General Fund balance of at least 46% of the six-year average for General Fund revenue. This will be reevaluated every two years and reset as needed.

Restrictions of Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. At March 31, 2023, the Township did not have any outstanding capital related debt.

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislation adopted by the Township or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. The Township first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the Township has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services and construct assets. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as operating transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for the government-wide financial statements presentation.

Comparative Data

Comparative data has not been presented in each of the statements since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

As of March 31, 2023, the carrying amounts and the bank balances for each type of bank account are as follows:

Account Type	Carrying Amount	 Bank Balance
Checking and savings Certificate of deposits	\$ 1,473,340 1,391,609	\$ 1,480,142 1,391,609
	\$ 2,864,949	\$ 2,871,751

There is a custodial credit risk as it relates to deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits of the Township are at federally insured banks located in the State of Michigan with all accounts maintained in the name of the Township. As of March 31, 2023, the Township accounts were federally insured for \$2,846,116 and the amount of \$25,635 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Due to significantly higher cash flow at certain periods during the year, the amount the Township held as cash and cash equivalents increased significantly. As a result, the amount of uninsured and uncollateralized cash and cash equivalents were substantially higher at these peak periods than at year-end.

<u>Investments</u>

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value hierarchy is also established which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable and minimize the use of observable inputs.

There are three (3) levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, and others.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs may be used in situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant (for example, when there is little or no market activity for an investment at the end of the period). Unobservable inputs reflect the organization's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying financial statements, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy

The Township had the following fair value measurements as of March 31, 2023:

	Fair '	Value Measuren	nents			
	Quoted Prices					
	in Active	Significant				
	Markets for	Other	Significant			
	Identical	Observable	Unobservable			Weighted
	Assets	Inputs	Inputs			Average
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Rating	Maturity
U.S. Treasury Bills	\$ 320,083	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 320,083	N/A	1.07 year

Portfolio investments are assigned a level based upon the observability of the inputs which are significant to the overall valuation. The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in certain types of investments to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSRO's).

Interest Rate Risk

The Township will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by designing its portfolio with the objective of obtaining a rate of return throughout the budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the investment risk constraints and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Township will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying its investments by security type and institution to ensure that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed the income generated from the remainder of the portfolio.

The amounts referred to above have been reported in either the cash or investments captions on the financial statements, based upon criteria disclosed in Note 1. The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of March 31, 2023:

	Primary overnment		duciary Fund	Total		
Cash Investments - current	\$ \$ 1,714,347 1,470,690		247 	\$	1,714,594 1,470,690	
	\$ 3,185,037	\$	247	\$	3,185,284	

The cash caption on the combined balance sheet and statement of net position include \$252 in petty cash.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The following schedule details interfund receivables and payables at March 31, 2023:

Due to General Fund from:	
Police Services Fund	\$ 30
Due to nonmajor governmental fund from: General Fund	\$ 791

Amounts appearing as interfund payables and receivables arise from two types of transactions. One type of transaction is where a fund will pay for a good or service that at least a portion of the benefit belongs to another fund. The second type of transaction is where one fund provides a good or service to another fund. Balances at the end of the year are for transfers that have not cleared as of the balance sheet date.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as interfund transfers. For the purpose of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Transfer to nonmajor governmental fund from:	
General Fund	\$ 26,000

The transfer to the nonmajor governmental fund (Cemetery Fund) from the General Fund was to fund current year operations

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Balance April 1, 2022				De	eletions	Balance Mar. 31, 2023		
Capital assets not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$	488,316 -	\$	- 3,969	\$	-	\$	488,316 3,969	
Subtotal		488,316		3,969		-		492,285	
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements Vehicles Equipment		885,427 57,660 203,944		- - 25,185		- - (6,532)		885,427 57,660 222,597	
Subtotal		1,147,031		25,185		(6,532)		1,165,684	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Vehicles Equipment		(340,138) (36,457) (168,575)		(27,419) (8,466) (8,606)		- - 6,307		(367,557) (44,923) (170,874)	
Subtotal		(545,170)		(44,491)		6,307		(583,354)	
Net capital assets being depreciated		601,861		(19,306)		(225)		582,330	
Total net capital assets	\$	1,090,177	\$	(15,337)	\$	(225)	\$	1,074,615	

Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental activities:

General government \$ (44,491)

NOTE 6 - RETIREMENT PLAN

The Township is the sponsor of a retirement plan for the sole benefit of its employees. The Township Pension Plan is a defined contribution pension benefit plan. Contributions are based on a pre-established wage-based contribution schedule with the Township contributing 50% and the employee 50% of the amount. The Township and the employee each contribute 6.2% of gross wages.

All members of the Township board are eligible to participate in the plan. Eligible employees may elect to not participate in the plan. The plan is administered by Nationwide.

For the year ended March 31, 2023, the Township had a total payroll of \$371,241. The Township Retirement Plan covered a payroll of \$125,620. The Township made contributions of \$7,770. The employee contributions were also \$7,770.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township participates in the Michigan Township Participating Plan (the Plan), with other municipalities for auto, property, crime, general liability, boiler and machinery, employee benefits liability, public official liability, electronic data processing (EDP), law enforcement liability, and inland marine losses. The Plan is organized under Public Act 138 of 1982, as amended. The Plan, while it operates under the Michigan Legislation of Public Act 138, does not operate as a risk pool due to the transfer of risk to U.S. Specialty Insurance Company (USSIC) backing the Michigan Township Participating Plan under a master policy. Due to the Master Policy purchase, there is no pooling of risk between members, but is instead considered commercial insurance. Settled claims relating to this insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Township carries commercial insurance for the risk of loss due to workers' compensation claims. Settled claims relating to commercial insurance have not exceed the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 8 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

The Township has contracted with Meridian Township to provide police services to the Township through December 31, 2024. The contract specifies that Meridian Township will provide 40 hours of police patrol coverage within Williamstown Township each week and provide officers for emergency and non-emergency response to all dispatch calls within Williamstown Township twenty-four hours per day, seven days each week. Williamstown Township agrees to pay Meridian Township the following amounts per calendar year:

2024 2025	\$ 146,052 150,438
	\$ 296,490

In addition to the annual fee, there is a \$71.77 per hour charge for emergency and non-emergency police services beyond the forty hours of coverage each week. The additional police services charged beyond forty hours of coverage each week is capped at \$28,708 per quarter.

NOTE 9 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended March 31, 2023, the Township implemented the following new pronouncement: GASB Statement No. 87, Leases.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was issued by the GASB in June 2017. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leased that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financing of the right to use the underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

There was no material impact on the Township's financial statement after the adoption of GASB Statement 87.

NOTE 10 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The Township is current evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62*. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior period, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The Township is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP BASIS) YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
REVENUES	8			(cregation c)	
Taxes					
Current tax levy	\$ 270,195	\$ 270,195	\$ 278,058	\$ 7,863	
Trailer tax Interest and penalties	100 2,000	100 2,000	170 8,658	70 6,658	
Administrative fees	5,660	5,660	5,698	38	
Total taxes	277,955	277,955	292,584	14,629	
Licenses and permits					
Cable television license	25,200	25,200	19,601	(5,599)	
Building permits	32,000	32,000	51,680	19,680	
Total licenses and permits	57,200	57,200	71,281	14,081	
-					
Intergovernmental Sales and use tax	460,805	460,805	583,689	122,884	
Local community stabilization	460,805 5,000	460,805 5,000	7,102	2,102	
zocai communicy stabilization	2,000	3,000	7,102	2,102	
Total intergovernmental	465,805	465,805	590,791	124,986	
Charges for services					
Planning fees	6,000	6,000	5,061	(939)	
Wireless internet	2,300	2,300	2,424	124	
Copies	200	200	474	274	
Total charges for services	8,500	8,500	7,959	(541)	
Interest and rents					
Interest	700	700	28,296	27,596	
Rentals	700	700	3,180	2,480	
Total interest and rents	1,400	1,400	31,476	30,076	
Other					
Special assessments	4,500	4,500	5,998	1,498	
Refunds and rebates	5,000	5,000	3,940	(1,060)	
Miscellaneous	3,700	3,700	4,114	414	
Total other	13,200	13,200	14,052	852	
TOTAL REVENUES	824,060	824,060	1,008,143	184,083	

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP BASIS) (continued) YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive			
		Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES		originar		Tillui	 Tictual		egative	
Current								
General government								
Township board	\$	106,459	\$	106,459	\$ 90,506	\$	15,953	
Supervisor		51,369		57,969	52,311		5,658	
Clerk		54,296		54,926	51,996		2,930	
Board of review		3,541		3,541	1,993		1,548	
Treasurer		64,791		61,791	60,691		1,100	
Assessor		66,539		66,539	52,640		13,899	
Elections		29,243		36,443	31,997		4,446	
Building and grounds		108,797		88,797	48,126		40,671	
Board of appeals		3,519		3,519	1,681		1,838	
Township office		67,880		65,080	 58,888		6,192	
Total general government		556,434		545,064	450,829		94,235	
Public safety								
Building inspection		32,746		32,746	 28,525		4,221	
Public works								
Drains at large		20,000		20,000	4,212		15,788	
Recycling/transfer station		33,275		33,275	 19,283		13,992	
Total public works		53,275		53,275	23,495		29,780	
Community and economic development								
Planning commission		68,344		71,144	45,138		26,006	
Red cedar		1,725		1,725	1,302		423	
Zoning administrator		9,718		6,718	 600		6,118	
Total community and economic								
development		79,787		79,587	47,040		32,547	
Recreation and cultural								
Park land maintenance		60,429		60,429	34,422		26,007	
Historical committee		5,650		4,650	2,595		2,055	
Senior grant		3,500		3,500	 		3,500	
Total recreation and cultural		69,579		68,579	 37,017		31,562	

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (NON-GAAP BASIS) (continued) YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		legative)
EXPENDITURES (continued) Current (continued) Other	\$ 40,500 \$		\$	60,500	_\$_	54,000	\$	6,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		832,321		839,751		640,906		198,845
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(8,261)		(15,691)		367,237		382,928
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Transfer out		(336,000)		(156,007)		(156,007)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(344,261)		(171,698)		211,230		382,928
Fund balance, beginning of year (budgetary basis)		930,007		930,007		930,007		
Fund balance, end of year (budgetary basis)	\$	585,746	\$	758,309		1,141,237	\$	382,928
Accounting basis difference						689,567		
Fund balance, end of year (GAAP basis)					\$	1,830,804		

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP POLICE SERVICES FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Variance with Final Budget		
	Original		Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Special assessments	\$ 214,370	\$	214,445	\$ 214,345	\$	(100)	
Licenses and permits	1,300		1,300	2,527		1,227	
Interest	1,000		1,000	2,240		1,240	
TOTAL REVENUES	 216,670		216,745	219,112		2,367	
EXPENDITURES Current							
Public safety	342,532		342,532	163,542		178,990	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(125,862)		(125,787)	55,570		181,357	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 402,189		402,189	402,189			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 276,327	\$	276,402	\$ 457,759	\$	181,357	

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

NOTE 1 - BUDGET/GAAP RECONCILIATION

The Township budgets the activities of a fund separately from the General Fund. For financial reporting purposes and the GAAP-basis basic financial statements, however, this fund is combined with the General Fund as required by GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The budgetary perspective difference shown on the Budgetary Comparison Schedule (Non-GAAP budgetary basis) reconciles the change in fund balance to the GAAP-basis basic financial statements and the details related to these amounts are as follows:

Net change in fund balance (budgetary basis)	\$ 211,230
To adjust for revenues related to activities accounted for in a separate fund	24,630
To adjust for expenditures related to activities accounted for in a separate fund	(883,095)
To adjust for transfers accounted for in a separate fund	130,007
Net change in fund balance (GAAP basis)	\$ (517,228)

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP GENERAL FUND COMBINING BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2023

ASSETS	 General	Im	Capital provements	El	iminations	Total
Cash Investments Receivables	\$ 734,098 779,367	\$	582,234 320,083	\$	-	\$ 1,316,332 1,099,450
Accounts Taxes Due from other funds	560 6,272 30		- - 344,886		- - (344,886)	560 6,272 30
Prepaids	 3,146		-		-	 3,146
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,523,473	\$	1,247,203	\$	(344,886)	\$ 2,425,790
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 21,434 15,125 - 345,677	\$	11,206 - 1,650 - 544,780	\$	- - - (344,886) -	\$ 32,640 15,125 1,650 791 544,780
TOTAL LIABILITIES	382,236		557,636		(344,886)	 594,986
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Prepaids Committed	3,146		-		-	3,146
Roads Capital outlay Recreation Minimum fund balance	276,421 - 362,922		143,058 526,981 19,528		- - -	143,058 803,402 19,528 362,922
Assigned Subsequent year's expenditures Unassigned	64,393 434,355		-		-	64,393 434,355
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	1,141,237	_	689,567			 1,830,804
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,523,473	\$	1,247,203	\$	(344,886)	\$ 2,425,790

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP GENERAL FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	General		Capital Improvements	Eliminations		Total	
REVENUES							10001
Taxes	\$	292,584	\$ -	\$	_	\$	292,584
Licenses and permits		71,281	· •		_		71,281
Intergovernmental		590,791	6,428		_		597,219
Charges for services		7,959	-		_		7,959
Interest and rents		31,476	12,200		_		43,676
Other		14,052	6,002				20,054
TOTAL REVENUES		1,008,143	24,630		_		1,032,773
EXPENDITURES Current							
General government		450,829	-		_		450,829
Public safety		28,525	-		_		28,525
Public works		23,495	799,152		_		822,647
Community and economic development		47,040	· -		_		47,040
Recreation and cultural		37,017	39,726		_		76,743
Other		54,000	-		_		54,000
Capital outlay		_	44,217				44,217
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		640,906	883,095				1,524,001
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		367,237	(858,465)				(491,228)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out		<u>-</u> (156,007)	130,007		(130,007) 130,007		(26,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(156,007)	130,007				(26,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		211,230	(728,458)		-		(517,228)
Fund balances, beginning of year		930,007	1,418,025				2,348,032
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,141,237	\$ 689,567	\$		\$	1,830,804

WILLIAMSTOWN TOWNSHIP GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - CONSTRUCTION CODE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

REVENUES		
Licenses and permits		
Building permits	\$	51,680
Charges for Services		
Planning fees		5,061
TOTAL REVENUES		56,741
EXPENDITURES		
Public safety		
Building inspection		28,525
Community and economic development		
Zoning administrator		600
Planning commission		45,138
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		74,263
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(17,522)
Code enforcement (deficit), beginning of year		(678,264)
Code enforcement (deficit), end of year	\$	(695,786)



